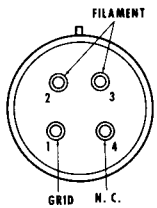


GRID CONTROL RECTIFIER TUBE



BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE

TANTALUM ANODE AND XENON GAS FILLING

Maximum Rated Anode Current		
D-c. Meter Value-Continuous		6.4 amps
D-c. Meter Value-Overload less than 3 sec.		12.8 amps
Averaging Time		6 secs
Oscillograph Peak-Continuously recurring		77 amps
Max. Instantaneous Short Circuit Current (0.1 sec.)		770 amps

Peak Forward Voltage (Max. Instantaneous)	2000 volts
Peak Inverse Voltage (Max. Instantaneous)	4000 volts

Max. Commutation Factor (V/usec x A/usec) at a maximum initial inverse voltage of 300 volts 0.66

Filament	
Voltage	2.5 volts
Current	24±2 amps
Heating Time (minimum)	50 secs

Average Arc Drop	
Average Tube	9 volts
Highest Tube at end of life	12 volts

Anode Starting Voltage (D. C.) @ +4V d-c. grid voltage	
Average Tube	50 volts
Highest Tube	200 volts

Grid Characteristics	
Critical Grid Voltage @ 2000 p.f.v.	-5±2 volts
Critical Grid Current	Less than 10 uamps
Grid-Anode Capacitance	approx. 5 uuf
Grid-Filament Capacitance	approx. 25 uuf

Maximum Negative Grid Voltage 300 volts

Deionization Time Less than 1000 usecs

Ambient Temperature Limits -55° to +75° C

Overall Dimensions 2-9/16" x 11-1/2" Max.

Weight 10 ozs.

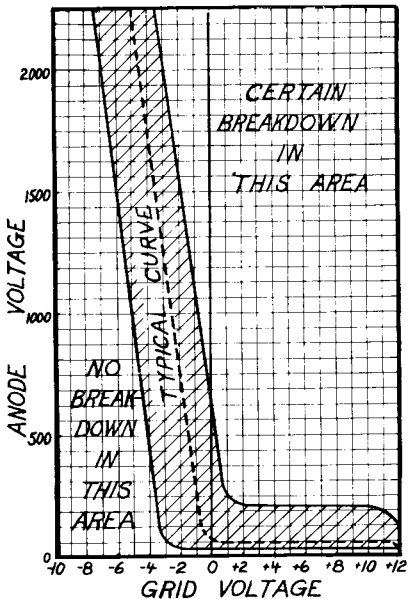
Connections	
Filament and Grid	Metal super jumbo 4-pin base #4310
Anode	C1-5 cap at top (0.56" dia.) with skirt

The filament must be lit before drawing d-c. load current.

The anode is designed to operate at red heat when under full load.

All of the above values are for returns to the filament transformer center tap. Filament pin #3 should be negative with respect to pin #2 during the anode conduction period.

The Engineering Manual contains additional information which should be considered in the circuit design.



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